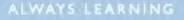


# Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2014

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics B (4MB0/02) Paper 2





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# **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

#### • Types of mark

- o M marks: method marks
- o A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

### • Abbreviations

- o cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- o SC special case
- o oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- o eeoo each error or omission

• No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks.

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

#### With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

#### • Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working since you can check the answer yourself, but if ambiguous do not award.

Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

#### • Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

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#### • Probability

Probability answers must be given a fractions, percentages or decimals. If a candidate gives a decimal equivalent to a probability, this should be written to at least 2 decimal places (unless tenths).

Incorrect notation should lose the accuracy marks, but be awarded any implied method marks.

If a probability answer is given on the answer line using both incorrect and correct notation, award the marks.

If a probability fraction is given then cancelled incorrectly, ignore the incorrectly cancelled answer.

#### • Linear equations

Full marks can be gained if the solution alone is given on the answer line, or otherwise unambiguously indicated in working (without contradiction elsewhere). Where the correct solution only is shown substituted, but not identified as the solution, the accuracy mark is lost but any method marks can be awarded.

#### • Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
1(a)	$2-5 \le 3x-x$ (o.e)	M1	
	$x \ge -\frac{3}{2}, -1.5$	A1	
	$3x - 2x \le 7 - 5$ (o.e)	M1	
	$x \leq 2$	A1	4
	$(OR -\frac{3}{2} \le x \le 2 \text{ scores A2})$		
(b)	-1, 0, 1, 2	B1 ft	1
		Total 5	marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
2	$\frac{65}{100} \times 80 \times 100 \ (=\pounds 5200) + \frac{55}{100} \times 80 \times 50 \ (=\pounds 2200)$	M1	
	$\frac{45}{100} \times 80 \times (280 - "150") \ (= \pounds 4680)$	M1 (DEP)	
	"£5200" + "£2200" + "£4680"	M1 (DEP)	
	£12 080.00	A1	4
		Total 4	marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
3(a)	time(hours) = $\frac{45}{50}$ h	M1	
	time (mins) = $\left(\frac{45}{50}\right) \times 60$	M1 (DEP)	
	54 mins	Al	3
(b)	$\frac{"54"}{60} \times \frac{180}{100}  (= 1.62 \text{ h})$	M1	
	"1.62" × 70	M1 (DEP)	
	113.4 km	Al	3
		Total 6	marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
4(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	B2 (-	2
	$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	leeoo)	
	<b>NB:</b> Treat incorrect value for determinant (if seen) as		
	1 error st cand. can still obtain 1 B1 mark for the		
	rearranged matrix.		
(b)	$ \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 5 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} $		
	(o.e , complete method)	M1	
	x = 3 and $y = 7$ (identified and cao)	A1, A1	3
		Total 5	marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
5(a)(i)	у	B1	
(ii)	Z	B1	
(iii)	x	B1	3
(b)	y(x+2) = 1	M1	
	$h^{-1}: x \mapsto \frac{1-2x}{x}$	Al	
(C)	$x^{2}-2x+1^{2} = 0$ (remove denominator, no slips)	M1	2
	(x-1)(x-1) = 0 (Factorising a trinomial quadratic)	M1	
		(DEP)	
	x = 1	A1	3
		Total 8	8 marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
6(a)	$\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$ Bus not late	B3 (- 1eeoo)	З
	Rains $(\frac{1}{5})$ Bus late		
	$\underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{7} \\ \frac{5}{6} \end{pmatrix}}_{\text{Does not rain}} \qquad \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{6} \\ \frac{5}{6} \end{pmatrix}}_{\text{Bus not late}}$		
	$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix}$ Bus late		
(b)	$\frac{2}{7} \times "\frac{1}{5}"$		
	$\frac{2}{35}$ , 0.0571		2
(c)	$"\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{1}{5}" + "\frac{5}{7}" \times "\frac{1}{6}"$		
	one correct product	M1	
	both correct and added	M1 (DEP)	
	$\frac{37}{210}, 0.176$	A1	3
		Total 8	8 marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
7(a)	$125 \times (2 \times 24 \times 60)$	M1	
	360 000 litres	Al	2
(b)	Vol of pool = $25 \times 15 \times 1.2m^3$	M1	
	$= 25 \times 15 \times 1.2 \times 1000l \ (=450 \ \text{x} \ 10^{3}l)$	M1 (DEP)	
	Time (mins) = $\frac{"450 \times 10^3"}{125}$	M1 (DEP)	
	Time (hours) = $\frac{"450 \times 10^3"}{125} \times \frac{1}{60}$	M1 (DEP)	
	Time $= 60$ hours	A1	5
(C)	New rate = $125 \times \frac{"60"}{10}$ (o.e)	M1	
	<i>New Rate</i> = 750 litres/ min	Al	2
		Total 9	marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
8(a)	Penalise ncc ONCE only		
	<i>EB</i> 10	M1	
	$\frac{1}{\sin 45} = \frac{1}{\sin 50}$		
	$EB = \frac{10 \times \sin 45}{10}$	M1	
	$EB = \frac{1}{\sin 50}$	(DEP)	
	<i>EB</i> = 9.231 -> <b>9.23</b>	A1	3
(b)	$\underline{AB} = \underline{10}$	M1	
	$\frac{1}{\sin 85} = \frac{1}{\sin 50}$		
	$AB = 13.004 \rightarrow 13.0$ (cc)	A1	2
(C)	$BC = \sqrt{14^2 - "13.0"^2}$	M1	
	$BC = 5.196 \rightarrow 5.20 \text{ (using 13.0)}$		
	$BC = 5.186 \rightarrow 5.19 \text{ (using 13.004)}$		
	5.19, 5.20	Al	2
(d)	$"5.196"^{2} = "9.231"^{2} + "9.231"^{2} - 2 \times "9.231" \times "9.231" \times compared to the second se$	$os \angle BEC$	
		M1	
	$"9.231"^{2}+"9.231"^{2}-"5.196"^{2}$	M1	
	$\cos \angle BEC = \frac{"9.231"^2 + "9.231"^2 - "5.196"^2}{2 \times "9.231" \times "9.231"}$	(DEP)	
	$\angle BEC = 32.693 -> 32.6, 32.7^{\circ}$	A1	3
	(Using "9.23" and "5.20" leads to 32.72,		
	Using "9.231" and "5.186" leads to 32.63)		
	OR		
	( $\Delta BEC$ is isos. $\Delta$ and pt. X is mid-pt. of BC)		
	$\angle BEC = 2 \times \angle BEX$	M1	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \times "5 \ 10" \end{pmatrix}$	M1	
	$\sin \angle BEX = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} \times "5.19"\right)}{"9.23"}$	(DEP)	
	$\sin 2BEX = \frac{19.23}{9.23}$		
	$\angle BEC = 32.6, 32.7^{\circ}$	A1	
(e)	$\Delta AEB + \Delta EDC = 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 13 \times 10 \times \sin 45\right)  (=91.92)$	M1	
	$\Delta EBC = \frac{1}{2} \times "9.231" \times "9.231" \times \sin"32.69"  (= 23.01)$	M1	
	$\Delta EDA = \frac{1}{2} \times "5.196" \times \sqrt{\left(10^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2} \times "5.196"\right)^2\right)}  (= 25)$	.09)	
	1	M1	
	(Using "5.2" produces 25.11)		
	4 triangular face areas added	M1	
		(DEP)	
	$140 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (using 3 or 4 sf)}$	A1	5
		Total 1	5 marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
9(a)(i)	$\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$	B1	
(ii)	$\overrightarrow{AP} = \frac{3}{4}  "(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})"$	B1 ft	
(iii)	$\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{4} (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})'' \text{ (o.e)}$	M1	
	$= \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{b}$ $\overline{OC} = \mathbf{a} + \mu \mathbf{b}$ $\overline{PC} = -\frac{3}{4}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}) + \mu \mathbf{b}$	A1	4
(b)(i)	$\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{a} + \mu \mathbf{b}$	B1	
(ii)	$\overrightarrow{PC} = - \frac{3}{4} (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})'' + \mu \mathbf{b}$	M1	
	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a} + (\mu - \frac{3}{4})\mathbf{b}  \text{OR}  \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a} + \mu \mathbf{b} - \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{b}$	A1	3
(c)(i)	$ "\frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{b} " = \lambda ("\mathbf{a} + \mu \mathbf{b}") $	M1	
	equate coefs. of $\mathbf{a}$ : $\frac{1}{4} = \lambda$	M1 (DEP), A1	
(ii)	equate coefs. of <b>b</b> : $\frac{3}{4} = \lambda \mu$	M1	
	$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}, \mu$ (subst.)	M1 (DEP)	
	$\mu = 3$	A1	6
(d)	OP: PC = 1:3	B1	
		Total 1	.4 marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
10(a)	$S_{Roof} = 2A + \pi x \frac{y}{2}$ (one of)	M1	
	$S_{Box} = 2x^2 + 2xy$		
	$S = 2x^2 + xy(2 + \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2A$ (adding)	M1 (DEP)	
	сс	A1	3
(b)	$10x = x^2 y$	M1	
	$10x = x^2 y$ $\therefore y = \frac{10}{x}  (cc)$	A1	2
(C)	$2A\left(=\pi\left(\frac{y}{2}\right)^2\right)=\frac{25\pi}{x^2}$	M1	
	$S = 2x^{2} + x\left(\frac{10}{x}\right)(2 + \frac{\pi}{2}) + \frac{25\pi}{x^{2}}  (\text{subst.})$	M1 (DEP)	
	$S = 2x^{2} + 10(2 + \frac{\pi}{2}) + \frac{25\pi}{x^{2}}  (cc)$	A1	3
(d)	63.3, 66.6, 80.1	B3 (- 1eeoo)	3
	NB: Penalise ncc ONCE only		
(e)	curve		
	-1 mark	B3 (-	3
	straight line segments	leeoo)	
	each point missed		
	each missed segment each point not plotted		
	each point incorrectly plotted		
	tramlines		
	very poor curve		
(f)	1.4 and 4.5	B1 ft	
	$1.4 \le x \le 4.5$	B1 ft	2
		Total 1	.6 marks

Question Number	Answer	Notes	Mark
11	Penalise labelling ONCE only		
(a)	Triangle A drawn and labelled	B1	1
(b)(i)	Triangle <i>B</i> is (2, 0), (4, 6) and (6, 4) or $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$	B1	
(ii)	Triangle <i>B</i> drawn and labelled	B1	2
(C)(i)	Triangle C is (0, 2), (-3, 4) and (-2, 6) or $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -3 & -2 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$	B2 ft (- 1eeoo)	
(ii)	Triangle C drawn and labelled	B1 ft	3
(d)(i)	Triangle <i>D</i> is (1, 0), (2, -3) and (3, -2) or	B2 ft(-	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$	leeoo)	
(ii)	Triangle D drawn and labelled	B1 ft	3
(e)	Reflection in <i>x</i> -axis	B1	1
		Total 1	0 marks

Total 100 marks

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